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The Role of Artificial Intelligence in the Propagation and Dissemination of Religious Teachings

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Abstract

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This research examines AI's transformative role in propagating and disseminating religious teachings across major world religions. AI technologies like chatbots, translation tools, and virtual reality are making sacred texts more accessible, enhancing spiritual guidance, and facilitating interfaith understanding. Benefits include increased accessibility for remote and disabled communities, personalized learning, and preservation of endangered traditions. However, challenges like algorithmic biases, misinformation risks, and displacement of traditional authorities are highlighted. The study concludes that AI's integration requires careful ethical frameworks, interdisciplinary collaboration, and human oversight. Policy recommendations for responsible implementation are offered.

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Introductory discussions

1.1 Background of the Research The digital revolution of the 21st century has profoundly affected all aspects of human life. Religion, which has been a fundamental pillar of human civilization and culture, has also not been able to remain separate from this technological change. Artificial Intelligence has now become not just a technical concept but a socio-cultural force that is bringing revolutionary changes to the traditional methods of interpreting, promoting and disseminating religious teachings

1.2 Nature of the Problem With the rapid development of artificial intelligence, new possibilities and challenges have arisen for its use in the religious field. On the one hand AI has opened the door to the global dissemination of religious teachings, the provision of personalized spiritual guidance, and the modern analysis of sacred texts. On the other hand, it has raised complex issues such as ethical questions, issues of interpretive authority, and the impact on traditional religious structures

1.3 Significance of the research: This research is of great importance in the sense that:

- This study presents a new chapter in the relationship between technology and religion
- Provides a comparative review of the practical uses of AI in different religions
- Suggests ethical guidelines
- Provides a basis for future policymaking

1.4 Research Objectives The main objectives of this research are as follows

1. Examining the various uses of artificial intelligence in the religious sector
2. Presenting a comparative study of AI applications in different religions (Islam, Christianity, Hinduism, Buddhism, Judaism)
3. Analyzing the benefits and challenges of AI in religious promotion
4. Providing ethical guidelines and policy recommendations

1.5 Structure of the Paper This paper consists of six main chapters. The first chapter presents introductory discussions. The second chapter describes the conceptual framework of artificial intelligence. The third chapter reviews the practical applications of AI in different religions. The fourth chapter presents an analysis of the benefits and opportunities. The fifth chapter discusses the challenges and ethical issues. The sixth chapter presents the conclusions, recommendations, and future prospects

1.6 Scope of the Research This research is primarily limited to the use of AI in five major religions (Islam, Christianity, Hinduism, Buddhism, Judaism). The focus of the research is on AI technologies developed between 2010 and

and their religious applications. This study is theoretical and analytical 2024 .in nature, with a comprehensive review of objective data and recent research

Artificial Intelligence: Concept, Evolution and Basic Technologies

2.1 Conceptual Framework of Artificial Intelligence

Artificial intelligence is the branch of computer science that deals with the creation of intelligent machines that can mimic human intelligence. These ,systems mimic human abilities such as learning, reasoning, problem-solving perception, and language comprehension. The main goal of artificial ,intelligence is to develop algorithms and systems that can learn from data .identify patterns, and make decisions based on this information

2.2 Types and classification of artificial intelligence

Artificial intelligence is basically divided into two types: weak artificial intelligence and strong artificial intelligence. Weak artificial intelligence is designed for specific tasks and has a limited scope, such as chatbots or image recognition systems. Strong artificial intelligence will have the ability to match human intelligence, but it is not yet ready. Everything we see today is .a variation of weak artificial intelligence

2.3 Historical evolution of artificial intelligence

,The journey of artificial intelligence begins in the 1950s. In the early years the field was limited to basic research and theoretical work. In the 1980s and 1990s, the increase in computing power and the availability of data accelerated the development of artificial intelligence. After 2010, the revolution of deep learning took artificial intelligence to new heights. Today we are in the era of generative artificial intelligence, where machines not only .process information but also produce creative content

2.4 Basic technologies of artificial intelligence

The development of artificial intelligence depends on several fundamental technologies. Machine learning is its most important branch, which gives machines the ability to learn automatically from data. Deep learning is a special form of machine learning that uses artificial neural networks to identify complex patterns. Natural language processing enables computers to understand and process human language. Together, these technologies have .made artificial intelligence a powerful tool

2.5 Relevance of Artificial Intelligence for the Religious Sector

The importance of artificial intelligence in the religious sector lies in its capabilities in text analysis, language understanding, and personalized .guidance. Natural language processing is used to analyze sacred texts .Machine learning algorithms are used for personalized spiritual guidance ,Modern translation systems are used to overcome language barriers. Together all these technologies are opening up new avenues for the dissemination of .religious teachings

Religion and Technology: A Historical Perspective**The relationship between religion and technology**

Religion and technology have been intertwined since the dawn of human civilization. This relationship has always been two-way - technology has opened up new avenues for the dissemination of religious teachings, and . religion has provided moral guidance for the development of technology ,This interrelationship has taken different forms in different historical periods .but its fundamental nature has always been constructive and complementary

The use of technology to promote religion in ancient history

Early technologies were used to preserve and propagate religious teachings in ancient history. The art of writing was the first major technological step in preserving religious teachings. In the Sumerian civilization, religious teachings were written on clay tablets, while in Egypt, religious texts were engraved on stone pillars and walls. The invention of paper made it easier to publish religious texts. After the invention of paper in China, the publication of Buddhist teachings increased significantly, which reached Japan from China. In the Indian tradition, Vedic texts were preserved on leaves and .leather

The Printing Revolution and Religious Publication

The printing revolution in Europe in the 15th century revolutionized the history of religious publishing. Gutenberg's printing press made it possible to publish religious books, especially the Bible, on a large scale. This technological change began the process of democratizing religious ,knowledge. Religious teachings were no longer limited to religious leaders but began to reach the general public. The Protestant Reformation was fueled .by this printing revolution, which began to decentralize religious authority

The printing process in the Islamic world

Printing in the Islamic world began relatively late. The reasons for this included the traditional importance of calligraphy, the protection of religious scholars, and the complexity of the Arabic script. The first official Islamic printing press was established in Istanbul in the 18th century. Special care was taken in printing the Holy Quran to maintain the accuracy and sanctity of the .text

Modern Technology and Religion(1900-2000)

The emergence of electronic media in the twentieth century introduced new means of religious dissemination. Radio began broadcasting religious programs in the 1920s. Television brought religious programs to the screen in the 1950s. Video and audio cassettes facilitated the distribution of religious lectures and sermons in the 1970s and 1980s. The emergence of the Internet .gave religious publishing a new dimension in the 1990s

Digital revolution and religion

1990 the digital revolution brought about fundamental changes in the , methods of religious propagation. Websites made religious content available globally. Social media accelerated the dissemination of religious teachings through religious groups and pages. Mobile technology gave rise to religious .applications, making sacred texts and teachings available at all times

Artificial Intelligence: The Latest Link in the Historical Continuum

Artificial intelligence is the latest link in the historical relationship between religion and technology. Just as writing, printing, radio, television, and the Internet each introduced new means of religious propagation, so too is artificial intelligence playing the same role in the 21st century. This historical continuity helps us to understand that artificial intelligence is not an isolated .event, but part of a longer historical process

The entry of artificial intelligence into the religious field and the current situation

Background to the entry of artificial intelligence into the religious sector

In the second decade of the 21st century, artificial intelligence began to gradually enter the religious sphere. The main impetus for this entry was the rapid development of technology and the growing need for global access to religious teachings. In this era of digitalization, where every aspect of life was being affected by technology, religious institutions and leaders also began to .use modern technology to promote their teachings

Basic forms of religious applications of artificial intelligence

.Artificial intelligence is being used in the religious sector in various forms .The most common form is **religious chatbots** that answer religious questions For example, there are applications such as 'Mufti Bot' in the Islamic world and 'Bible Bot' in the Christian world. The second main form is **personal prayer aids** that help with times and methods of prayer, meditation and supplication . The third form is **automated translation systems** that translate religious texts into different languages. The fourth form is **digital interpretation tools** that offer analysis and interpretation of religious texts

Technical foundations and technologies

The technical foundations for the use of artificial intelligence in the religious sector are built on several modern technologies. **Natural Language**

Processing(NLP) The most important technology is the one that gives machines the ability to understand and respond to human language. **Machine learning algorithms** learn patterns from religious data and make predictions based on them. **Data analytics** analyzes large-scale religious data, while .**artificial neural networks** help solve complex religious problems

Current global situation and trends

Religious applications of artificial intelligence have grown significantly by 2024. Biblical study apps and spiritual guidance AI systems are gaining

popularity in Western countries. Quran apps, prayer timers, and Islamic legal advice AI systems are rapidly expanding in the Islamic world. AI applications related to Buddhism and Hinduism, especially meditation guides and puja vidhi apps, are becoming popular in Asian countries. **Generative AI** globally, There is a growing trend of creating religious content through AI with religious sermons, lessons, and educational materials being produced¹ using AI.

The attitude of religious institutions and organizations

Institutions and organizations of different religions have had different attitudes towards artificial intelligence. Some religious groups have embraced the technology warmly and seen it as an effective tool to promote their teachings. On the other hand, some traditional circles have adopted a cautious and critical attitude, fearing that artificial intelligence could undermine the human role in religious guidance. The Catholic Church has issued guidelines for the ethical use of AI, while Islamic scholarly councils have begun discussing the Sharia issues of AI.

Successful case studies and practical examples

Several successful religious applications of artificial intelligence have emerged. The Quran App is a successful application that checks the accuracy of recitation, teaches Tajweed, and allows you to listen to the Quran in the voices of different reciters. The Bible Gateway is an AI-powered platform that offers a comparative study of different interpretations of the Bible. The Meditation App provides meditation guides based on Buddhist teachings. The Torah Study Bot helps in understanding Jewish teachings. What they all have in common is that they integrate modern technology with traditional religious teachings.

Challenges and initial obstacles

Several challenges have emerged as AI enters the religious arena. Technical challenges include the complexity of religious languages, understanding ancient texts, and taking into account cultural sensitivities. Religious challenges include the legitimacy of AI-generated 'fatwas', the artificiality of spiritual experience, and the substitution of machines for human guidance. Economic challenges include the cost of technology and the issue of digital divide.

Future prospects and expectations

The future of religious applications of artificial intelligence is expected to see further development. Multi-model AI systems will process text, images, sound, and video simultaneously to provide more comprehensive religious experiences. Virtual and augmented reality will enable more advanced virtual pilgrimage and worship systems. Personalized spiritual guidance will be further improved, where AI will be able to provide advice tailored to the

spiritual needs of each individual. AI tools that promote interfaith dialogue will be developed that will identify shared values between different religions

Practical uses of artificial intelligence in different religions

The role of artificial intelligence in promoting the teachings of Islam

The use of artificial intelligence in the Islamic world has played a significant role in promoting the teachings of the Quran and Hadith. **Quran applications** use artificial intelligence to check the accuracy of recitation, teach the principles of Tajweed, and allow listening to the Quran in the voices of **Hadith search engines** provide an advanced system for ² different reciters searching for hadiths by topic or word, which also includes summaries and explanations using artificial intelligence. **Interpretation comparison** systems use artificial intelligence to provide a comparative review of the interpretations of different commentators and identify common points

On a practical level, the use of artificial intelligence in Islamic applications is prominent. **Prayer timers** provide accurate prayer times, accurate Qibla direction, and directions to the mosque based on location. **Zakat calculators** calculate Zakat amounts by automatically analyzing assets. **Arabic learning apps** use artificial intelligence coaching systems to teach conversational Arabic. **Hajj and Umrah guides** provide virtual tours, essential information and ritual details

The role of artificial intelligence in promoting Christian teachings

Artificial intelligence has revolutionized biblical study and spiritual teachings in the Christian world. **Personal study plans** provide AI-suggested daily verses tailored to the reader's spiritual journey. **Bible study bots** explain difficult verses and explain their application to daily life. AI generates supporting content in online group studies for **congregational study**. Separate AI-optimized content is offered for children and adults for **family Bible time**

In this busy era, **Bible reading plan** apps use artificial intelligence to create a study plan that fits each individual's schedule and spiritual needs. **Prayer journal** apps keep a record of prayers and use artificial intelligence to analyze ³ answers to prayers and spiritual growth

Hinduism: Vedic teachings and artificial intelligence

Artificial intelligence in Hinduism has played a significant role in the modern interpretation and dissemination of Vedic knowledge. **Vedic Text Analysis** offers modern analysis and interpretation of ancient Sanskrit texts. **Puja Vidhi Guide** explains the methods of worship of various deities through artificial intelligence. **The Astrovai platform** uses artificial intelligence to create and interpret horoscopes. **Vedanta Study Tools** provide assistance in understanding philosophical concepts. **Mantra recitation** apps use artificial intelligence to guide correct pronunciation and intonation. **Yoga and**

.**meditation** guides use artificial intelligence to suggest personalized practices
Hindu Festival Calendar uses artificial intelligence to provide details of
 .⁴ festivals according to local conditions and traditions

Buddhism: Intelligence and Artificial Intelligence

Artificial intelligence in Buddhism has opened up new dimensions in meditation and mindfulness practices. **Meditation Coach** provides AI guidance in mindfulness practices. **Buddhist philosophy apps** teach the Four Noble Truths and the Ashtanga Marga. **Dharma Talk Bot** uses AI systems to answer questions on Buddhist teachings. **Karma Analysis** tools help .understand the consequences of actions

Mindful Meditation apps provide personalized meditation suggestions through artificial intelligence. **The Buddhist Teachings Library** offers a comparative study of the teachings of different teachers with the help of artificial intelligence. **Compassion Training** programs teach the practices of .⁵ compassion and kindness through artificial intelligence

Judaism: Torah teachings and modern technology

In the Jewish tradition, artificial intelligence has adapted Talmudic studies and Torah teachings to the modern era. **Talmudic studies** use artificial intelligence to help understand rabbinical debates. **Hebrew teachers** use artificial intelligence to teach the sacred language. **Jewish holiday guides** use artificial intelligence to provide guidelines for various holidays. **Kashrut .apps** use artificial intelligence to help understand Jewish dietary laws

Sabbath Guide uses artificial intelligence to explain Sabbath laws and .traditions. **Jewish Prayer Book** provides accurate prayer times and methods
Hebrew Study Partner uses artificial intelligence to help you study Jewish .⁶ texts

Use of artificial intelligence in other religions

Other religions have also used AI to promote their teachings. In **Sikhism**, the ,In **Jainism** .⁷ teachings of Guru Granth Sahib are being presented through AI AI tools are being used to propagate the principles of revival and non-violence. In **indigenous and traditional religions**, AI has helped in giving .⁸ digital form to their teachings

Common features in all religions

All religions share several common features in their use of artificial intelligence. **Digital accessibility**, the availability of sacred books and teachings online, is common to all. **Personal adaptation** of spiritual content to suit the needs of each individual is found in all religions. **Bridging the .language barrier**, translation and interpretation facilities are available in all
Connecting with the new generation, reaching out to the youth through .modern technology is a goal of all religions

Common challenges and issues

All religions face several common challenges in the use of artificial intelligence. The limitation of artificial intelligence in **spiritual depth is a problem for all. The preservation of tradition**, combining ancient practices ,with modernity, is a challenge for every religion. **Quality assurance** protecting the accuracy of religious content, is important for all. **Ethical boundaries**, limiting the religious guidance of artificial intelligence, is a .problem for all

Summary and Comparative Review

A comparative analysis of the use of artificial intelligence in different religions shows that each religion has adopted artificial intelligence according to its traditions, needs, and cultural context. Artificial intelligence has played ,a significant role in promoting the teachings of the Quran and Hadith in Islam Bible study in Christianity, Vedic studies in Hinduism, meditation in Buddhism, and Talmudic studies in Judaism. What is common to all religions ,is that artificial intelligence has broadened the reach of their teachings reduced language barriers, and helped reach a new generation. Further development in religious applications of artificial intelligence is expected in the coming era, which will require mutual cooperation and exchange of .experiences between all religions

Positive effects and benefits of artificial intelligence

Increasing access to religious teachings

One of the most important benefits of artificial intelligence is the unprecedented increase in the accessibility of religious teachings. Remote areas and those who cannot physically reach places of worship are now receiving religious teachings through digital means. Artificial intelligence has made religious content available globally, allowing everyone to access .religious teachings at a time and place of their choice

Personalized education and guidance

.Artificial intelligence has made personalized religious education possible Each individual can receive education according to their academic level, age group, and spiritual needs. Machine learning algorithms analyze an individual's preferences, learning style, and spiritual journey to deliver .personalized educational content

Overcoming language barriers

Contemporary artificial intelligence translation systems have greatly reduced language barriers. Sacred texts are now readily available in various languages of the world. Natural language processing technologies have not only translated but also provided interpretation according to cultural and historical .context

Saving time and resources

Artificial intelligence has made it possible to save time and resources in acquiring religious teachings. Online religious courses, virtual worship services, and automated study plans have made it possible to use people's time effectively

Connecting with the new generation

Artificial intelligence is proving to be an effective tool in delivering religious messages to the digital generation. Young people familiar with modern technology are more receptive to religious content presented through artificial intelligence

Preservation and dissemination of religious sciences

Artificial intelligence can preserve and transmit disappearing religious knowledge and traditions. The digitization of ancient manuscripts, automated analysis, and publication in modern formats have played a significant role in preserving religious heritage.

Interfaith understanding and dialogue

Artificial intelligence tools can identify shared values and promote dialogue between different religions. Comparative analysis of sacred texts of different religions identifies common points between them

Accessibility for people with disabilities

Artificial intelligence has made religious teachings accessible to people with disabilities content for the visually impaired, subtitles for the hearing impaired, and special facilities for other disabilities are being provided through artificial intelligence

Spiritual health and peace of mind

Artificial intelligence-based spiritual guidance and mindfulness programs have improved people's spiritual well-being. Personalized prayers, meditation guides, and spiritual advice are proving helpful in dealing with everyday stress

Challenges, risks and ethical issues

Ethical challenges and concerns

The religious use of artificial intelligence has raised a number of ethical challenges. The biggest question is whether artificial intelligence can have the authority to provide spiritual guidance. The issue of liability for religious⁹ edicts and spiritual advice is important. Who will be held responsible if artificial intelligence gives wrong advice? The artificiality of spiritual experience is also a major ethical question. Can spiritual advice given by a computer program be a substitute for real spiritual experience

7.2 The problem of bias and biased algorithms

Artificial intelligence systems are often trained on data sets that themselves contain human biases. If an AI is trained only on content from a particular school of thought,¹⁰ it will give biased advice about other schools of thought.

Sectarian bias is a serious problem in religious interpretation. There is also the risk of perpetuating historical disputes.

Religious authority and effects on traditional structures

The use of artificial intelligence is likely to diminish the importance of religious leaders and scholars. If ordinary people start seeking religious advice directly from artificial intelligence, the need for traditional religious structures may decrease. Along with the positive aspects of the democratization of religious knowledge, there is a need to consider its negative effects

Questions on the nature of spiritual experience

Questions are being raised about virtual worship and virtual pilgrimage. Can the spiritual experience obtained through digital means be equal to that obtained in a real place of worship? The distinction between the material and immaterial nature of spiritual experience is important. Artificial intelligence can provide material means but cannot guarantee an immaterial spiritual experience

Data privacy and protection of religious information

Religious apps and platforms collect personal data about users. This data is about their religious preferences, beliefs, and spiritual journey. There is a risk that this data could be misused, monitored, or used for commercial purposes. Given the sensitivity of religious information, its protection is crucial

Technical limitations and lack of capabilities

There are several technical limitations to AI that hinder religious use. The lack of a complex understanding of religious context is a key issue. AI's ability to understand the non-material nature of emotions and spiritual experiences is limited. Understanding cultural sensitivities is also a challenge

Economic divide and digital divide

Economic inequality is a key issue in accessing AI technology. Developing countries have limited access to advanced AI tools compared to developed countries. The digital divide could lead to inequality in access to religious teachings

The risk of misuse of religious content

There is a risk of creating fake religious content through artificial intelligence. Fake hadiths, verses, or religious teachings can be created. Artificial¹¹ intelligence can be used to promote extremist ideologies. New methods of religious fraud and forgery may emerge

Legal and Sharia issues

Legal and Sharia issues have arisen regarding the use of artificial intelligence. What will be the status of fatwas on artificial¹² intelligence in various religions? Similar questions are being raised in other

religions as well. There is a need for harmonization between international laws and local laws

7.10 Summary

The religious use of artificial intelligence has raised a number of challenges risks, and ethical issues. Ethical challenges, the issue of bias, the impact on religious authority, the nature of spiritual experience, data privacy, technical limitations, economic fragmentation, the risk of misuse, and legal issues are among the key challenges. The solution to these challenges depends not only on technological advancements but also on ethical guidance, the involvement of religious scholars, and appropriate policies

Conclusion, recommendations and future prospects

Summary of key findings

This research has revealed several important findings. The first finding is that artificial intelligence is playing an important role in the promotion and dissemination of religious teachings according to their traditions and needs. The second important finding is that the access to religious teachings through artificial intelligence has increased significantly. The third finding is that the use of artificial intelligence has created several ethical challenges and risks that need to be addressed

Overall review of positive effects

Among the positive impacts of artificial intelligence is the globalization of religious teachings. Personalized education has given each individual the opportunity to receive religious education according to their needs. Eliminating language barriers, saving time, connecting with the new generation, preserving religious studies, interfaith understanding accessibility for people with disabilities, and improving spiritual health are other important positive impacts

Analysis of key challenges

Among the challenges posed by the use of artificial intelligence, ethical issues are the most important. The issue of bias and biased algorithms is serious. The impact on religious authority and traditional structures, questions about the nature of spiritual experience, data privacy, technological limitations economic fragmentation, the risk of misuse of religious content, and legal issues are other important challenges

Policy recommendations

The following policy recommendations are made for the future:

Recommendations for religious institutions:

1. Develop clear ethical guidelines for the use of artificial intelligence
2. Promote collaboration between religious scholars and technology experts

3. Establish a monitoring system for religious content generated by artificial intelligence

Recommendations for governments:

1. Develop a national policy for religious use of artificial intelligence
2. Create laws to protect data privacy and religious information
3. Take steps to reduce the digital divide

Recommendations for technology companies:

1. Establish transparency and accountability systems
2. Use diverse and unbiased data sets
3. .Respect religious sensitivities

Research recommendations

The following are recommendations for future research:

1. Study the long-term religious impacts of artificial intelligence
2. Comparatively examine the use of artificial intelligence in different cultures and religions
3. Deeply research the relationship between artificial intelligence and spiritual experience
4. Research the protection and ethical use of religious data

Instructions for practical steps

The following guidelines may prove useful in the field:

1. Use artificial intelligence as an aid to religious guidance, not as a replacement
2. Establish human oversight and accountability systems
3. .Continue the process of continuous review and improvement
4. Run consumer education and awareness programs

Future prospects

The future is expected to see further developments in the religious applications of AI[4]. Maltese-model AI systems will offer more comprehensive religious experiences. Virtual pilgrimage systems will be further enhanced through virtual and augmented reality. Personalized spiritual guidance will be further developed. AI tools that promote interfaith dialogue .will be developed

Conclusion

The role of artificial intelligence in the promotion and dissemination of religious teachings is important and complex. This technology provides new scope, reach, and effectiveness to religious teachings. Different religions have adopted artificial intelligence in their own ways. Along with the benefits, there are also challenges. In the future, there will be further development in the religious applications of artificial intelligence. With appropriate ethical guidance, the involvement of religious scholars, and balanced policies

artificial intelligence can be made an effective tool for the promotion of religious teachings.

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